Physiology Syllabus 1st M.B.B.S. (From August 2019)

(Competency based Undergraduate curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate, 2018. Vol. 1; page no.91-104) Skydert from

Early clinical exposure - 30 Hours

Total - 506 Hours

- (1) Lectures 161 Hours
- (2) Self-directed learning 28 Hours
- (3) Small group teachings/tutorials/Integrated teaching/Practicals 317 Hours

Competency No.	Topics & subtopics					
	1.General Physiology					
PY. 1.1 Structure and Functions of a Mammalian Cell						
PY. 1.2						
PY. 1.3	Intercellular communication					
PY. 1.4	Apoptosis – Programmed cell death					
PY. 1.5	Transport mechanisms across cell membranes					
PY. 1.6	Fluid compartment of the body, its ionic composition & measurements					
PY. 1.7	Concept of pH & Buffer systems in the body					
PY. 1.8	Molecular basis of resting membrane potential and action potential in excitable					
	tissue					
PY. 1.9	Methods used to demonstrate the functions of the cells and its products, its					
	communication and their applications in Clinical care and research.					
	2.Hematology					
PY. 2.1	Composition & functions of blood components					
PY. 2.2 Original, forms, variations and functions of plasma proteins						
PY. 2.3	Synthesis and functions of Hemoglobin & explain its breakdown. Describe variants					
	of hemoglobin					
PY. 2.4	RBC formation (erythropolesis & its regulation) and its functions					
PY. 2.5	Types of anaemias & Jaundice					
PY. 2.6	2.6 WBC formation (granulopolesis) & its regulation					
PY. 2.7	Formation of platelets, functions & variations					
PY. 2.8	Physiological basis of hemostasis and anticoagulants. Describe bleeding & clotting					
	disorders (Hemophilia, purpura)					
PY. 2.9	Different blood groups and clinical importance of blood grouping, blood banking					
at a min	and transfusion					
PY. 2.10	Types of immunity , development of immunity and its regulation					
PY. 2.11	Estimation Hb, RBC, TLC, RBC indices, DLC, Blood group, BT/CT					

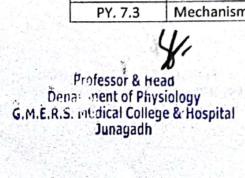
GMERS MC. JUNAGADH Professor & Head Department of Physiology Date: P. H. J. O. 9. 1.7.]

G.M.E.R.S. Medical College & Hospital

Junagadh

	Tests for ESR, Osmotic fragility, Hematocrit, findings and interpretation of test			
PY. 2.12	Tests for ESR, Osmotic fragility, Hematocrit , Illians			
	les ats			
PY. 2.13	Steps for reticulocyte and platelet count			
11.2.20	3. Nerve and Muscle Physiology			
PY. 3.1	3.Nerve and Muscle Physiology Structure and functions of a neuron and neuroglia; Nerve Growth Factor & other			
11.5.2	arough factors/cytokines			
PY. 3.2	To a functions & properties of nerve libers			
PY. 3.3	to and regeneration in Peripheral Herves			
PY. 3.4	Structure neuro-muscular junction and transmission of imposses			
PY. 3.5	Action of neuro-muscular blocking agents			
PY. 3.6	Pathophysiology of Myasthenia gravis			
PY. 3.7	f the sand their structure			
PY. 3.8	A thing potential and its properties in different muscle types (skeletar & simothy)			
PY. 3.9	Molecular basis of muscle contraction in skeletal and in smooth muscles			
PY. 3.10	Mode of muscle contraction (isometric and isotonic			
PY. 3.11	Energy source and muscle metabolism			
PY. 3.12	Gradation of muscular activity			
PY. 3.13	Muscular dystrophy: myopathies			
PY. 3.14	Ergography			
PY. 3.15	Effect of mild, moderate and severe exercise and changes in cardiorespiratory			
. ,	narameters			
PY. 3.16	Harvard Step test and impact on induced physiologic parameters in a simulated			
	environment			
PY. 3.17	Strength-duration curve			
PY. 3.18	Computer assisted learning (i) amphibian nerve – muscle experiments (ii) amphibian			
	cardiac experiments			
	4.Gastro-intestinal Physiology			
PY. 4.1	Structure and functions of digestive system			
PY. 4.2	Composition, mechanism of secretion, functions, and regulation of saliva, gastric,			
	pancreatic, intestinal, juices and bile secretion			
PY. 4.3	GIT movements, regulation and functions, defecation reflex. Role of dietary fibre.			
PY. 4.4	Physiology of digestion and absorption of nutrients			
PY. 4.5	Source of GIT hormones, their regulation and functions			
PY. 4.6	Gut-Brain Axis			
PY. 4.7	Structure and functions of liver and gall bladder			
PY. 4.8	Gastric function tests, pancreatic exocrine function test & liver function tests			
PY. 4.9	Physiology aspects of; peptic ulcer, gastro- esophageal reflux disease, vomiting,			
	diarrhea, constipation, Adynamic ileus, Hirschsprung's disease			
PY. 4.10	Clinical examination of the abdomen in a normal volunteer or simulated			
protection of the	environment			
1427	5.Cardiovascular Physiology (CVS)			
PY. 5.1	Functional anatomy of heart including chambers sounds; and Pacemaker tissue and			
	conducing system.			

PY. 5.2	Properties of cardiac muscle including its morphology, electrical, mechanical and metabolic functions			
PY. 5.3	Events occurring during the cardiac cycle			
PY. 5.4	Generation, conduction of cardiac impulse			
PY. 5.5	Physiology of electrocardiogram (E.C.G.), its applications and the cardiac axis			
PY. 5.6	Abnormal ECG, arrhythmias, heart block and myocardial infarction.			
PY. 5.7	Haemodynamics of circulatory system			
PY. 5.8	Local and systemic cardiovascular regulatory mechanisms			
PY. 5.9	Factors affecting heart rate, regulation of cardiac output & blood pressure			
PY. 5.10	Regional circulation including microcirculation, lymphatic, coronary, cerebral,			
	capillary, Skin, foetal, pulmonary and splanchnic circulation			
PY. 5.11	Patho-physiology of shock, syncope and heart failure			
PY. 5.12	Blood pressure & pulse recording at rest and in different grades of exercise and			
	postures in a volunteer or simulated environment			
PY. 5.13	Record and interpret normal ECG in a volunteer or simulated environment			
PY. 5.14	Cardiovascular autonomic function tests in a volunteer or simulated environment			
PY. 5.15	Clinical examination of the cardiovascular system in a normal volunteer or simulated			
	environment			
PY. 5.16	Recording Arterial pulse tracing using finger plethysmography in a volunteer or			
	simulated environment			
	6.Respiratory Physiology			
PY. 6.1	Functional anatomy of respiratory tract			
PY. 6.2	Mechanics of normal respiration, pressure changes during ventilation, lung volume			
	and capacities, alveolar surface tension, compliance, airway resistance, ventilation,			
	V/P ratio, diffusion capacity of lungs			
PY. 6.3	Transport of respiratory gases: Oxygen and Carbon dioxide			
	Regulation of respiration Neural & chemical			
PY. 6.4	Physiology of high altitude deep sea diving			
PY. 6.5	Principles of artificial respiration oxygen therapy, acclimatization and			
	decompression sickness			
PY. 6.6	Pathophysiology of dyspnea, hypoxia, cyanosis asphyxia; drowning, periodic			
	breathing			
PY. 6.7	Lung function tests & their clinical significance			
PY. 6.8	Technique to perform & interpret Spirometry			
PY. 6.9	Examination of the respiratory system in a normal volunteer or simulated			
	environment			
PY. 6.10	Technique to perform measurement of peak expiratory flow rate in a normal			
	volunteer or simulated environment			
-	7.Renal Physiology			
	Structure and function of kidney			
PY. 7.1				
PY. 7.1 PY. 7.2	Structure and functions of juxta glomerular apparatus and role of renin-angiotensin system			



PY. 7.4	Significance & implication of Renal clearance			
PY. 7.5	Renal regulation of fluid and electrolytes & acid-base balance			
PY. 7.6	Innervations of urinary bladder, physiology of micturition and its abnormalities			
PY. 7.7	Artificial kidney, dialysis and renal transplantation			
PY. 7.8	Renal Function Tests			
PY. 7.9	Cystometry and discuss the normal cystometrogram			
	8.Endocrine Physiology			
PY. 8.1	Physiology of bone and calcium metabolism			
PY. 8.2	Synthesis, secretion, transport, physiological actions, regulation and effects of			
	altered (hypo and hyper) secretion of pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid			
	gland, adrenal gland, pancreas and hypothalamus			
PY. 8.3	Physiology of Thymus & Pineal Gland			
PY. 8.4	Function tests: Thyroid gland; Adrenal cortex, Adrenal medulla and pancreas			
PY. 8.5	Metabolic and endocrine consequences of obesity & metabolic syndrome, Stress			
	response. Outline the psychiatry component pertaining to metabolic syndrome			
PY. 8.6	Mechanism of action of steroid, protein and amine hormones			
	9.Reproductive Physiology			
PY. 9.1	Sex determination; sex differentiation and their abnormalities and outline			
<u></u>	psychiatry and practical implementation of sex determination			
PY. 9.2	Puberty: onset, progression, states; early and delayed puberty and outline			
	adolescent clinical and psychological association			
PY. 9.3	Male reproductive system: functions of testis and control of spermatogenesis &			
	factors modifying it and outline its association with psychiatric illness			
PY. 9.4	Female reproductive system: (a) functions of ovary and its control; (b) menstrual			
	cycle – hormonal, uterine and ovarian changes			
PY. 9.5	Physiological effects of sex hormones			
PY. 9.6	Contraceptive methods for male and female. Discuss their advantages &			
	disadvantages			
PY. 9.7	Effects of removal of gonads on physiological functions			
PY. 9.8	Physiology of pregnancy, parturition & lactation and outline the psychology and			
	psychiatry-disorders associated with it			
PY. 9.9	Interpret a normal semen analysis report including (a) sperm court, (b) sperm			
	morphology and (c) sperm motility, as per WHO guidelines and discuss the result			
PY. 9.10	Physiological basis of various pregnancy tests			
PY. 9.11	, o the territory programmy tests			
PY. 9.12	Common causes of infertility in a couple and role of IVF in managing a case of infertility			
	10.Neurophysiology			
PY. 10.1	Organization of nervous system			
PY. 10.2	Functions and properties of synapse, reflex, receptors			
	Somatic sensations & sensory tracts			



PY. 10.4	Motor tracts, mechanism of maintenance of tone, control of body movements,			
	and equilibrium of vestibular apparatus			
PY. 10.5	(ANS)			
PY. 10.6	Spinal cord, its functions, lesion & sensory disturbances			
PY. 10.7	and limbic system and their abnormalities			
PY. 10.8	Behavioural and EEG characteristics during sleep and mechanism responsible for its production			
PY. 10.9	Physiological basis of memory, learning and speech			
PY. 10.10	Chemical transmission in the nervous system. (Outline the psychiatry element)			
PY. 10.11	Clinical examination of the nervous system: Higher functions, sensory system, motor			
	system, reflexes, cranial nerves in a normal volunteer or simulated environment			
PY. 10.12	Normal EEG forms			
PY. 10.13	Perception of smell and taste sensation			
PY. 10.14	Patho-physiology of altered smell and taste sensation			
PY. 10.15	Functional anatomy of ear and auditory pathways & physiology of hearing			
PY. 10.16	Pathophysiology of deafness. Hearing tests			
PY. 10.17	Functional anatomy of eye, physiology of image formation, physiology of vision			
	including colour vision, refractive errors, colour blindness, physiology of pupil and			
_	light reflex			
PY. 10.18	Physiological basis of lesion in visual pathway			
PY. 10.19	Auditory & visual evoke potentials			
PY. 10.20	(i) Testing of visual acuity, colour and field of vision and (ii) hearing (iii) Testing for			
	smell and (iv) taste sensation in volunteer/ simulated environment			
	11.Integrated Physiology			
PY. 11.1	Mechanism of temperature regulation			
PY. 11.2	Adaptation to altered temperature (heat and cold)			
PY. 11.3	Mechanism of fever, cold injuries and heat stroke			
PY. 11.4	Cardio-respiratory and metabolic adjustment during exercise; physical training			
	effects			
PY. 11.5	Physiological consequences of sedentary lifestyle			
PY. 11.6	Physiology of Infancy			
PY. 11.7	y 11.7 Physiology of aging: free radicals and antioxidants			
PY. 11.8	Cardio-respiratory changes in exercise (isometric and isotonic) with that in the			
	resting state and under different environmental conditions (heat and cold)			
PY. 11.9	Interpretation of growth charts			
PY. 11.10	Interpretation of anthropometric assessment of infants			
PY. 11.11	Concept, criteria for diagnosis of Brain death and its implications			
PY. 11.12	The state of modification			
PY. 11.12	History taking and general examination in the volunteer / simulated environment			
	Pacie Life Support in a simulated environment			
PY. 11.14	Basic Life Support in a similar			

Bhakt Kavi Narsinh Mehta University Examination Scheme Physiology (1st M.B.B.S.)

Topics Division

Paper – 1:-General physiology, Hematology, Renal, Cardiovascular system, Respiratory system, AETCOM module, Integrated physiology.

Paper – 2:-Nerve Muscle physiology, Central Nervous system, Autonomic Nervous system, Special senses, Digestive system, Endocrine System, Reproductive system.

Time	Duration: 3 Hours	Paper – 1		Marks 100
Q.1	Structured Long Question	Section - 1	Any 1 out of 2	1 x 10 marks = 10 marks
۷.1	CVS - Core physiology		Any 2 out of 3	2 x 6 marks = 12 marks
Q.2	Case Based scenario/ Applied short notes Hematology, Renal, CVS, Respiratory system	m		3 x 6 marks = 18 marks
Q.3	Write Short Notes		Any 3 out of 4	
Q.4	Hematology, General physiology, Answer only in 2-3 Sentences		Any 5 out of 6	5 x 2 marks = 10 marks
	CVS, Hematology, General physiology,	Section - 2		
	Structured Long Question	Section - 2	Any 1 out of 2	1 x 10 marks = 10 marks
Q.1	RS – core physiology			a constant marks
Q.2	Write Short Notes		Any 2 out of 3	2 x 6 marks = 12 marks
Q.3	Integrated physiology Write Short Notes		Any 3 out of 4	3 x 6 marks = 18 marks
Q.4	Renal, AETCOM Answer only in 2-3 Sentences Respiratory, Renal & Integrated Physiology		Any 5 out of 6	5 x 2 marks = 10 marks
Time	Duration: 3 Hours	Paper – 2		Marks 100
Time	Duration: 3 Hours	Paper - 2 Section - 1		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Time	Structured Long Question		Any 1 out of 2	Marks 100 1 x 10 marks = 10 marks
Q.1	Structured Long Question CNS – Core Physiology Case Based Scenario/ Applied Short Notes	Section - 1	Any 1 out of 2 Any 2 out of 3	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Structured Long Question	Section - 1		1 x 10 marks = 10 marks
Q.1 Q.2 Q.3	Structured Long Question CNS – Core Physiology Case Based Scenario/ Applied Short Notes CNS, Endocrine, Reproductive, Nerve Musc Write Short Notes GIT & Reproductive system Answer only in 2-3 Sentences	Section - 1	Any 2 out of 3	1 x 10 marks = 10 marks 2 x 6 marks = 12 marks
Q.1 Q.2	Structured Long Question CNS – Core Physiology Case Based Scenario/ Applied Short Notes CNS, Endocrine, Reproductive, Nerve Musc Write Short Notes GIT & Reproductive system Answer only in 2-3 Sentences CNS, GIT, Reproductive system	Section – 1	Any 2 out of 3 Any 3 out of 4	1 x 10 marks = 10 marks 2 x 6 marks = 12 marks 3 x 6 marks = 18 marks
Q.1 Q.2 Q.3 Q.4	Structured Long Question CNS – Core Physiology Case Based Scenario/ Applied Short Notes CNS, Endocrine, Reproductive, Nerve Musc Write Short Notes GIT & Reproductive system Answer only in 2-3 Sentences CNS, GIT, Reproductive system Structured Long Question	Section - 1	Any 2 out of 3 Any 3 out of 4	1 x 10 marks = 10 marks 2 x 6 marks = 12 marks 3 x 6 marks = 18 marks
Q.1 Q.2 Q.3 Q.4	Structured Long Question CNS – Core Physiology Case Based Scenario/ Applied Short Notes CNS, Endocrine, Reproductive, Nerve Musc Write Short Notes GIT & Reproductive system Answer only in 2-3 Sentences CNS, GIT, Reproductive system Structured Long Question Endocrine – Core Physiology	Section – 1	Any 2 out of 3 Any 3 out of 4 Any 5 out of 6	1 x 10 marks = 10 marks 2 x 6 marks = 12 marks 3 x 6 marks = 18 marks 5 x 2 marks = 10 marks
Q.1 Q.2 Q.3 Q.4 Q.1 Q.2	Structured Long Question CNS – Core Physiology Case Based Scenario/ Applied Short Notes CNS, Endocrine, Reproductive, Nerve Musc Write Short Notes GIT & Reproductive system Answer only in 2-3 Sentences CNS, GIT, Reproductive system Structured Long Question Endocrine – Core Physiology Write Short Notes Nerve Muscle	Section – 1	Any 2 out of 3 Any 3 out of 4 Any 5 out of 6 Any 1 out of 2	1 x 10 marks = 10 marks 2 x 6 marks = 12 marks 3 x 6 marks = 18 marks 5 x 2 marks = 10 marks 1 x 10 marks = 10 marks
Q.1 Q.2 Q.3 Q.4	Structured Long Question CNS – Core Physiology Case Based Scenario/ Applied Short Notes CNS, Endocrine, Reproductive, Nerve Musc Write Short Notes GIT & Reproductive system Answer only in 2-3 Sentences CNS, GIT, Reproductive system Structured Long Question Endocrine – Core Physiology Write Short Notes	Section – 1	Any 2 out of 3 Any 3 out of 4 Any 5 out of 6 Any 1 out of 2 Any 2 out of 3	1 x 10 marks = 10 marks 2 x 6 marks = 12 marks 3 x 6 marks = 18 marks 5 x 2 marks = 10 marks 1 x 10 marks = 10 marks 2 x 6 marks = 12 marks

Department of Physiology G.M.E.R.S. Medical College & Hospital Junagadh

Professor & head

PHYSIOLOGY INTERNAL MARKS DISTRIBUTION

Theory		Practical	
Terminal exams.	30	Terminal exams.	30
Preliminary exam.	30	Preliminary exam.	30
Part ending exams./ Assignments/Seminars	40	Part ending exams./ Seminars/Journal	40
Total	100	Total	100

Physiology Theory and Practical Marks Distribution for University Examinations

Written Theory Total	Practical/Oral Total
200	100
	(Paper 1 & Paper 2)

Pass Criteria

Internal Assessment: 50% combined in theory and practical (not less than 40% in each) for eligibility for appearing for University Examinations.

<u>University Examination</u>: Mandatory 50% marks in theory and practical (practical = practical/clinical + viva) [theory=theory paper(s) only].

Internal assessment marks are not to be added to marks of the University examinations and should be shown separately in the grade card.

Y